

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Sulfur dioxide

Issue Date: 16.01.2013
Last revised date: 06.11.2017

Version: 1.0

SDS No.: 000010021800
1/14**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Sulfur dioxide

Trade name: Sulphur dioxide 2.8 Chemical, Sulphur dioxide 3.8 HiQ, Sulphur dioxide 3.8 Scientific

Additional identification

Chemical name: Sulphur dioxide

Chemical formula: SO₂

INDEX No. 016-011-00-9

CAS-No. 7446-09-5

EC No. 231-195-2

REACH Registration No. 01-2119485028-34

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Industrial and professional. Perform risk assessment prior to use. Glass processing. Refrigerant. Transfilling gas or liquid, Use of gas to manufacture pharmaceutical products. Using gas alone or in mixtures for the calibration of analysis equipment. Using gas as feedstock in chemical processes. Using gas for metal treatment. Water treatment. Formulation of mixtures with gas in pressure receptacles.

Uses advised against: Consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

AGA AS
Postboks 13 Nydalen
N-0409 Oslo Norway

Telephone: +4723177200

E-mail: kundeservice@no.aga.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: +47 22 59 13 00 (24h - Giftinformasjonssentralen)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended.

Physical Hazards

Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas	H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
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Health Hazards

Acute toxicity (Inhalation - gas)	Category 3	H331: Toxic if inhaled.
Skin corrosion	Category 1B	H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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Serious eye damage

Category 1

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

2.2 Label Elements

Contains:

Sulphur dioxide



Signal Words:

Danger

Hazard Statement(s):

H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H331: Toxic if inhaled.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P260: Do not breathe gas/vapors.
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response:

P303+P361+P353+P315: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
P304+P340+P315: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
P305+P351+P338+P315: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Storage:

P403: Store in a well-ventilated place.
P405: Store locked up.

Disposal:

None.

Supplemental label information

EUH071: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

2.3 Other hazards:

Contact with evaporating liquid may cause frostbite or freezing of skin.

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3.1 Substances

Chemical name	Sulphur dioxide
INDEX No.:	016-011-00-9
CAS-No.:	7446-09-5
EC No.:	231-195-2
REACH Registration No.:	01-2119485028-34
Purity:	100%
	The purity of the substance in this section is used for classification only, and does not represent the actual purity of the substance as supplied, for which other documentation should be consulted.
Trade name:	Sulphur dioxide 2.8 Chemical, Sulphur dioxide 3.8 HiQ, Sulphur dioxide 3.8 Scientific

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General: Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

Eye contact: Rinse the eye with water immediately. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical assistance. If medical assistance is not immediately available, flush an additional 15 minutes.

Skin Contact: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Contact with evaporating liquid may cause frostbite or freezing of skin.

Ingestion: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Contact with liquefied gas can cause damage (frostbite) due to rapid evaporative cooling. May be fatal if inhaled.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Hazards: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Contact with liquefied gas can cause damage (frostbite) due to rapid evaporative cooling. May be fatal if inhaled.

Treatment: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Treat with a corticosteroid spray as soon as possible after inhalation.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General Fire Hazards:	Heat may cause the containers to explode.
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media:	Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Water Spray or Fog. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon Dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	None. Do not use water jet, as this may cause corrosive liquid to splash.
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:	Fire or excessive heat may produce hazardous decomposition products.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special fire fighting procedures:	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Use of water may result in the formation of very toxic aqueous solutions. Keep run-off water out of sewers and water sources. Dike for water control. Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool. Use extinguishants to contain the fire. Isolate the source of the fire or let it burn out.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:	Gas tight chemically protective clothing (Type 1) in combination with self contained breathing apparatus. Guideline: EN 943-2 Protective clothing against liquid and gaseous chemicals, aerosols and solid particles. Performance requirements for gas-tight (Type 1) chemical protective suits for emergency teams (ET)

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:	Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Monitor the concentration of the released product. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. EN 137 Respiratory protective devices - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask - Requirements, testing, marking.
6.2 Environmental Precautions:	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Reduce vapour with fog or fine water spray. Keep run-off water out of sewers and water sources. Dike for water control.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:	Provide adequate ventilation. Wash contaminated equipment or sites of leaks with copious quantities of water.
6.4 Reference to other sections:	Refer to sections 8 and 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage:

- 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:** Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Installation of a cross purge assembly between the container and the regulator is recommended. Excess pressure must be vented through an appropriate scrubber system. Refer to supplier's handling instructions. The substance must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the container contents. When moving containers, even for short distances, use appropriate equipment eg. trolley, hand truck, fork truck etc. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Provide adequate ventilation. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Avoid suckback of water, acid and alkalis. Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place. Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Store in accordance with. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water. If user experiences any difficulty operating container valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to transfer gases from one container to another. Container valve guards or caps should be in place.
- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general conditions and leakage. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Keep away from combustible material.
- 7.3 Specific end use(s):** None.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical name	Type	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Sulphur dioxide	NORMEN	0,8 ppm 2 mg/m ³	Norway. Regulation No. 1358 on Measures and Limit Values for Physical and Chemical Factors in Work Environment and Infection Groups for Biological Factors (12 2011)
	STEL	1 ppm 2,7 mg/m ³	EU. Indicative Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU (02 2017)
	TWA	0,5 ppm 1,3 mg/m ³	EU. Indicative Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU (02 2017)

DNEL-Values

Critical component	Type	Value	Remarks
Sulphur dioxide	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1,3 mg/m ³	-
	Worker - inhalative, short-term - local	2,7 mg/m ³	-

PNEC-Values

Critical component	Type	Value	Remarks
Sulphur dioxide			PNEC not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Consider a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Keep concentrations well below occupational exposure limits. Gas detectors should be used when toxic quantities may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Product to be handled in a closed system and under strictly controlled conditions. Only use permanent leak tight installations (e.g. welded pipes). Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information:

A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered. Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use. Keep suitable chemically resistant protective clothing readily available for emergency use. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Protect eyes, face and skin from contact with product. Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

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Eye/face protection:	Safety eyewear, goggles or face-shield to EN166 should be used to avoid exposure to liquid splashes. Wear eye protection to EN 166 when using gases. Guideline: EN 166 Personal Eye Protection.
Skin protection	
Hand Protection:	Wear working gloves while handling containers Guideline: EN 388 Protective gloves against mechanical risks. Chemically resistant gloves complying with EN 374 should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Guideline: EN 374-1/2/3 Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Material: Chloroprene rubber. Break-through time: 480 min
Body protection:	Keep suitable chemically resistant protective clothing readily available for emergency use. Guideline: EN 943 Protective clothing against liquid and gaseous chemicals, including liquid aerosols and solid particles.
Other:	Wear safety shoes while handling containers Guideline: ISO 20345 Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.
Respiratory Protection:	Reference should be made to European Standard EN 689 for methods for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents and national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances. The selection of the Respiratory Protective Device (RPD) must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected RPD. Material: Filter E Guideline: EN 14387 Respiratory protective devices. Gas filter(s) and combined filter(s). Requirements, testing, marking. Guideline: EN 136 Respiratory protective devices. Full face masks. Requirements, testing, marking. Guideline: EN 137 Respiratory protective devices - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask - Requirements, testing, marking.
Thermal hazards:	No precautionary measures are necessary.
Hygiene measures:	Obtain special instructions before use. Specific risk management measures are not required beyond good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product.
Environmental exposure controls:	For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: Gas
Form: Liquefied gas

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Color:	Colorless
Odor:	Characteristic, irritating, pungent odor
Odor Threshold:	Odor threshold is subjective and is inadequate to warn of over exposure.
pH:	not applicable.
Melting Point:	-75,5 °C Other, Key study
Boiling Point:	-10 °C (1.013 hPa) Other, Key study
Sublimation Point:	not applicable.
Critical Temp. (°C):	158,0 °C
Flash Point:	Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.
Evaporation Rate:	Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.
Flammability (solid, gas):	Nonflammable Gas
Flammability Limit - Upper (%):	not applicable.
Flammability Limit - Lower (%):	not applicable.
Vapor pressure:	3.271 hPa (20 °C) Other, Key study
Vapor density (air=1):	2,263 (0 °C) AIR=1
Relative density:	(0 °C)Other, Key study 1,5 (Reference material: Water)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in Water:	Completely soluble in water
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	not applicable
Autoignition Temperature:	not applicable.
Decomposition Temperature:	Not known.
Viscosity	
Kinematic viscosity:	No data available.
Dynamic viscosity:	0,012 mPa.s (18 °C)
Explosive properties:	Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties:	not applicable.

9.2 Other information: Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

Molecular weight: 64,06 g/mol (SO₂)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity:	No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-section below.
10.2 Chemical Stability:	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:	None.
10.4 Conditions to avoid:	Avoid moisture in the installation.

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- 10.5 Incompatible Materials:** Moisture. For material compatibility see latest version of ISO-11114. Reacts with water to form corrosive acids. May react violently with alkalis. Reacts with most metals in the presence of moisture, liberating hydrogen, an extremely flammable gas. With water causes rapid corrosion of some metals.
- 10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. If involved in a fire the following toxic and/or corrosive fumes may be produced by thermal decomposition: Sulfur oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information: None.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation: Severe corrosion to the respiratory tract at high concentrations.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity - Oral
Product**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Acute toxicity - Dermal
Product**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Acute toxicity - Inhalation
Product**

Toxic if inhaled.

Sulphur dioxide

LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 1260 ppm
Remarks: Delayed fatal pulmonary oedema possible.

**Repeated dose toxicity
Sulphur dioxide**

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, 4 Weeks): 5 ppm(m) Inhalation
Experimental result, Key study

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Product**

Causes severe burns.

**Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Product**

Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory or Skin Sensitization
Product**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity
Product**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity
Product**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

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Product Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Product Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Product Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration Hazard

Product Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures..

SECTION 12: Ecological information**12.1 Toxicity****Acute toxicity**

Product No ecological damage caused by this product.

Acute toxicity - Fish

Sulphur dioxide LC 50 (Ide (Leuciscus idus), 1 h): 220 - 460 mg/l

Acute toxicity - Aquatic Invertebrates

Sulphur dioxide EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 89 mg/l

Toxicity to microorganisms

Sulphur dioxide EC 50 (Algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 h): 48,1 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and Degradability

Product Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures..

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product The subject product is expected to biodegrade and is not expected to persist for long periods in an aquatic environment.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Product Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

Sulphur dioxide

Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects:

No ecological damage caused by this product.

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11/14**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations****13.1 Waste treatment methods**

General information: Must not be discharged to atmosphere. Consult supplier for specific recommendations.

Disposal methods: Refer to the EIGA code of practice (Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at <http://www.eiga.org>) for more guidance on suitable disposal methods. Dispose of container via supplier only. Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws. Toxic and corrosive gases formed during combustion should be scrubbed before discharge to atmosphere.

European Waste Codes

Container: 16 05 04*: Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances.

SECTION 14: Transport information**ADR**

14.1 UN Number: UN 1079
14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: SULPHUR DIOXIDE
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)
Class: 2
Label(s): 2.3, 8
Hazard No. (ADR): 268
Tunnel restriction code: (C/D)
14.4 Packing Group: -
14.5 Environmental hazards: not applicable
14.6 Special precautions for user: -

RID

14.1 UN Number: UN 1079
14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: SULPHUR DIOXIDE
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)
Class: 2
Label(s): 2.3, 8
14.4 Packing Group: -
14.5 Environmental hazards: not applicable
14.6 Special precautions for user: -

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IMDG

14.1 UN Number: UN 1079
 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: SULPHUR DIOXIDE
 14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)
 Class: 2.3
 Label(s): 2.3, 8
 EmS No.: F-C, S-U
 14.3 Packing Group: -
 14.5 Environmental hazards: not applicable
 14.6 Special precautions for user: -

IATA

14.1 UN Number: UN 1079
 14.2 Proper Shipping Name: Sulphur dioxide
 14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es):
 Class: 2.3
 Label(s): -
 14.4 Packing Group: -
 14.5 Environmental hazards: not applicable
 14.6 Special precautions for user: -
 Other information
 Passenger and cargo aircraft: Forbidden.
 Cargo aircraft only: Forbidden.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code: not applicable

Additional identification: Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers ensure that they are firmly secured. Ensure that the container valve is closed and not leaking. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Ensure adequate air ventilation.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

EU Regulations

Directive 96/61/EC: concerning integrated pollution prevention and control (IPPC): Article 15, European Pollution Emission Registry (EPER):

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration
Sulphur dioxide	7446-09-5	100%

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Directive 96/82/EC (Seveso III): on the control of major accident hazards involving dangerous substances:

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration
Sulphur dioxide	7446-09-5	100%

Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work:

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration
Sulphur dioxide	7446-09-5	100%

National Regulations

Council Directive 89/391/EEC on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers at work Directive 89/686/EEC on personal protective equipment Only products that comply with the food regulations (EC) No. 1333/2008 and (EU) No. 231/2012 and are labelled as such may be used as food additives.

This Safety Data Sheet has been produced to comply with Regulation (EU) 2015/830.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision Information: Not relevant.

Key literature references and sources for data:

Various sources of data have been used in the compilation of this SDS, they include but are not exclusive to:

- Agency for Toxic Substances and Diseases Registry (ATSDR) (<http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/>).
- European Chemical Agency: Guidance on the Compilation of Safety Data Sheets.
- European Chemical Agency: Information on Registered Substances <http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/registered-sub.aspx#search>
- European Industrial Gases Association (EIGA) Doc. 169 Classification and Labelling guide.
- International Programme on Chemical Safety (<http://www.inchem.org/>)
- ISO 10156:2010 Gases and gas mixtures - Determination of fire potential and oxidizing ability for the selection of cylinder valve outlets.
- Matheson Gas Data Book, 7th Edition.
- National Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST) Standard Reference Database Number 69.
- The ESIS (European chemical Substances Information System) platform of the former European Chemicals Bureau (ECB) ESIS (<http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/esis/>).
- The European Chemical Industry Council (CEFIC) ERICards.
- United States of America's National Library of Medicine's toxicology data network TOXNET (<http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/index.html>)
- Threshold Limit Values (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).
- Substance specific information from suppliers.

Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of publication.

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Wording of the H-statements in section 2 and 3

H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.

Training information: Users of breathing apparatus must be trained. Ensure operators understand the toxicity hazard.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended.

Press. Gas Liq. Gas, H280
Acute Tox. 3, H331
Skin Corr. 1B, H314
Eye Dam. 1, H318

Other information: Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

Last revised date: 06.11.2017

Disclaimer: This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.